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## IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT APR 0 5 2005 1 2 FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA 3 In re: Chapter 13 4 No. 4-04-BK-03155-JMM DENNIS W. MILLIGAN, 5 **MEMORANDUM DECISION** 6 Debtor. 7 The Debtor filed a chapter 13 bankruptcy petition on June 24, 2004. His schedules and 8 statements of affairs filed on August 10, 2004, reflected the following debt status: 9 Secured claims -0-10 Priority unsecured taxes (all undisputed) \$ 27,975 11 Unsecured claims (all undisputed) \$ 87,800 12 (Docket #9.) Six days later, on August 16, 2004, pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1009, the Debtor amended 13 his schedules as follows: 14 Secured claims \$ 22,046 15 Priority claims (all undisputed) \$ 27,975 16 Unsecured claims (all undisputed) \$305,260 17 On October 23, 2004, four months after filing, the Debtor again amended his schedules, 18 but these amendments made no changes to the debts previously scheduled. 19 On December 9, 2004, the United States of America filed a motion to dismiss, contending 20 that because it had filed an unsecured priority claim for \$357,514.27, that Debtor had thus exceeded the 21 debt limits of 11 U.S.C. § 109(e).1 22 23 24

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That limit is \$290,525 in undisputed, non-contingent debt as of the date of filing.

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The Debtor contends that he had unsecured debts of less than that on the date of filing, \$115,775.23, and the IRS assessment and claim was rendered post-filing. To date, the Debtor has not filed an objection to the IRS claim as required by FED. R. BANKR. P. 3007.

For eligibility purposes, the Ninth Circuit has held that, unless a challenge is made to the debtor's good faith (such as by listing every debt as disputed), the court noted that "the rule for determining eligibility under § 109(e) . . . should normally be determined by the debtor's originally filed schedules. . . ." *In re Scovis*, 249 F.3d 975, 982 (9th Cir. 2001); *see, also, Comprehensive Accounting Corp. v. Pearson*, 773 F.2d 751 (6th Cir. 1985); *In re Nicholes*, 184 B.R. 82, 87 (9th Cir. BAP 1995). The eligibility decision should be made promptly, and should not devolve into early and extended litigation based on parties' contentions as to the merits of the various claims.

Here, the Debtor's amended schedules, filed only six days after the original schedules, established undisputed, non-contingent, and liquidated unsecured debt of \$333,235, as of the date of filing. This admission, made under penalty of perjury, was sufficient to remove any doubt as to the Debtor's eligibility limits. Being clearly over the statutory limit, the IRS's motion must be granted.

However, the Debtors will be given ten (10) days from the entry of this order to elect to voluntarily convert their case to one either under chapter 7 or chapter 11. If he fails to do so, the case will be dismissed.

DATED: April 5\_, 2005

AMES M. MARLAR

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

1	COPIES served as indicated below this 5 day of April, 2005, upon:
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3	Eric Ollason 182 N. Court Ave.
4	Tucson, AZ 85701 Email eollason@182court.com Attorney for Debtors
5	•
6	Elizabeth A. Wilson Office of the U.S. Attorney 405 West Congress, Suite 4800
7	Tucson, AZ 85701 Email elizabeth.wilson2@usdoj.gov
8	Attorney for IRS
9	George D. Carroll 252 W Ina Rd Suite 203
10	Tucson, AZ 85704-0001 E-mail: gdcarroll@dcktrustee.com
11	Attorney for Trustee
12	Dianne C. Kerns 7320 N. La Cholla #154
13	PMB 413
14	Tucson, AZ 85741-2305 Email andrea.hopkins@dcktrustee.com Chapter 13 Trustee
15	Office of the United States Trustee
16	230 North First Avenue, Suite 204 Phoenix, AZ 85003-1706
17	U.S. Mail
18	
19	By MB / Worn Judicial Assistant
20	Judicial Assistant
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	